



# ENGLISH HIGH FLIER 2007

21 listopada 2007

ORZEŁ – klasa III gimnazjum

Czas trwania konkursu: 45 min.



Do każdego pytania jest dokładnie jedna poprawna odpowiedź. Za brak odpowiedzi dostajesz 0 punktów. Za odpowiedź błędną otrzymujesz punkty ujemne równe  $\frac{1}{4}$  liczby punktów przewidzianych dla danego zadania. Życzymy przyjemnej pracy. Zapraszamy do konkursów ENGLISH ACE 2008. Informacje na naszej stronie [www.mat.edu.pl](http://www.mat.edu.pl)

POWODZENIA !

**Pytania za 3 punkty**

1. What are pros and cons?  
A) advantages and disadvantages      B) promises and consequences      C) positives and negatives  
D) products and consumers      E) A and C are correct
2. I ... forward ... you.  
A) look/to see    B) look/seeing    C) am looking/seeing    D) am looking/to seeing    E) will look/to see
3. Margaret told ... that we had to move faster.  
A) -      B) us      C) themselves      D) ourselves      E) herself
4. Which language can you speak ... easily?  
A) mostly      B) most      C) the more      D) the best      E) better
5. Mary ... skipping classes when her mother ... .  
A) starts/died      B) was starting/died      C) started/died  
D) starts/was dying      E) was starting/was dying
6. Paris Hilton ... Valentino since she was six.  
A) adore      B) adored      C) was adoring      D) has adored      E) had adored
7. Which word does not have the sound /ju:/?  
A) new      B) pursue      C) review      D) mute      E) your
8. The verb to grab is the synonym of the verb ... .  
A) to throw      B) to hold      C) to catch      D) to touch      E) to push
9. Several people reported to have seen ... in the neighbourhood.  
A) UFO      B) flying plates      C) flying saucers      D) aliens      E) A, C and D are correct
10. "I am not leaving him!" said Beatrice. = Beatrice said that she ...  
A) is not leaving him      B) was not leaving him      C) won't leave him  
D) doesn't want to leave him      E) refuses to leave him

**Pytania za 4 punkty**

11. The children at hospital ... by nurses.  
A) are looking      B) are being looked after      C) look after      D) were looking after      E) are looked
12. If you are grumpy you are ... .  
A) wearing unfashionable clothes      B) not shaved      C) easily annoyed and complaining  
D) producing funny sounds because of sore throat      E) you belong to a subculture
13. What do you think life in the future ...?  
A) is      B) is like      C) will like      D) will be like      E) is going to be
14. I have just shampooed my hair, but there is no water. You ... warned me!  
A) must have    B) should have    C) could have    D) need have    E) B and C are correct

15. What is a jigsaw?  
 A) a puzzle    B) a humorous article    C) a game show    D) a billboard    E) a radio jingle
16. Heir --> heiress = ... .  
 A) God --> goddess    B) Wait --> waitress    C) Miss --> mistress  
 D) A and B are correct    E) all are correct
17. The Browns ... that they had never had a car accident.  
 A) complained    B) predicted    C) sneered    D) prouded    E) boasted
18. Pauline was ... every man in town wanted to marry her.  
 A) so pretty that    B) such a pretty girl that    C) very pretty so  
 D) very pretty. As a result    E) all answers are correct
19. Charities provide poor people in Africa ... vaccines and other medical help.  
 A) with    B) for    C) to    D) prone to    E) up to
20. Which phrases cannot be used at the beginning of a sentence?  
 A) for example    B) for instance    C) and    D) furthermore    E) on the other hand
- Pytania za 5 punktów**
21. I ... at home for a week before I finally ... the bathroom.  
 A) sit/redecorated    B) was sitting/redecorated    C) have sat/redecorated  
 D) have sat/ have redecorated    E) had been sitting/redecorated
22. My little sister ... irresponsible to keep a kitten.  
 A) is too    B) is much    C) is enough    D) isn't enough    E) seems
23. ... Robert ... Steven are considered handsome.  
 A) Nor/or    B) Neither/or    C) Neither/nor    D) Nor/nor    E) Nor/neither
24. A prawn is ... .  
 A) the same as shrimp    B) a type of seafood    C) the paw of a big cat  
 D) the footprint of a dog    E) A and B are correct

***Britain's latest Royal Wedding, based on BBC Learning English – News About Britain***

The Prince of Wales and Camilla Parker Bowles have finally wed. More than 20,000 people cheered as they arrived at Windsor's Guildhall for their small private civil wedding on Saturday April 9<sup>th</sup>, 2005. Prince Charles and the new Duchess of Cornwall entered arm-in-arm to make their solemn vows. After the ceremony, they chatted to people gathered outside the chapel. After the walkabout the newly-wed royals made their way to a reception, hosted by the Queen, where they mingled with a host of celebrities. This brings to a conclusion a relationship between Charles and Camilla that began when they met at a Windsor polo match in 1970. In 1996 Diana, Princess of Wales, famously referred to Camilla as one of the contributing factors in the breakdown of her marriage to Charles.

([http://www.bbc.co.uk/worldservice/learningenglish/newseenglish/britain/royal\\_wedding.shtml](http://www.bbc.co.uk/worldservice/learningenglish/newseenglish/britain/royal_wedding.shtml))

25. What was the reaction of people who gathered at Windsor's Guildhall?  
 A) they waved    B) they shouted in approval    C) they were extremely disappointed  
 D) A and B are correct    E) B and C are correct
26. What is the new title of Camilla Parker Bowles?  
 A) the Duchess of Cornwall    B) the Duchess of Wales    C) the Queen  
 D) the Princess of Wales    E) the Duchess of Windsor
27. What is a reception?  
 A) a prescription    B) a part of a chapel    C) a wedding party    D) party guests    E) a room in a castle
28. What are solemn vows?  
 A) chapters from the Bible about marriage    B) serious promises    C) crying on wedding day  
 D) part of the wedding service    E) B and D are correct
29. After how many years of a relationship did Charles marry Camilla?  
 A) 9    B) 11    C) 35    D) 37    E) the text doesn't say
30. What do contributing factors in the breakdown mean?  
 A) the major cause of    B) one of many reasons for    C) the only event that caused  
 D) helping to decide    E) A and C are correct